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Clinical features of gestosis in the Yakut population

The problem of preeclampsia pregnant - one of the most urgent in modern obstetrics, as preeclampsia is the most common and serious complications of pregnancy. The article presents the results of clinical and laboratory examination of women whose pregnancy was complicated by gestosis of different severity.

Keywords: pregnancy, preeclampsia, the Yakut population

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INFLUENCE OF STANDARD RISK FACTORS ON DEVELOPMENT OF NSAIDs - INDUCED GASTRIC AND DUODENUM ULCERS IN PATIENTS OF THE VARIOUS ETHNIC GROUPS LIVING IN YAKUTIA

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Dependence of gastroduodenal ulcers revealing in patients of the indigenous and non-indigenous nationalities taking non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) on risk factors of NSAIDs – gastropathy was estimated. It is revealed that the risk of development of ulcers in patients of the indigenous nationality increases at taking of non-selective NSAIDs, aspirin and cardiovascular pathology. Smoking and taking of glucocorticoids do not increase risk of development of ulcers in patients of non-indigenous nationality.

Keywords: risk factors, gastric ulcer, non-steroidal anti- inflammatory drug gastropathy.

Introduction

Erosive -ulcerous lesions of gastroduodenal zone and their dangerous complications (bleedings, perforation), caused by taking of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), are a serious medico-social problem. To predict development of NSAIDs – gastropathy is possible due to the so-called risk factors revealed at the analysis of retrospective researches data of the big groups of patients with this pathology [5, 8, 9, 15]. Presence of similar factors